Topic of Presentation:

HIV / AIDS DATA
Prevention and Control Progress

Name: Lubna Al gadrie
Current Position: ITATS Language Centre and Paramount Ltc Directors

Email: lubna_al gadrie@yahoo.com
HIV / AIDS DATA
Prevention and Control Progress
Of HIV / AIDS in the Health Department HIV Aids and Adolescent Reproductive Health Activities / Program at Kedinding Puskesmas Surabaya

Background
Current condition: Population 2,782,627 : Ethnic diversities in Surabaya

Adolescent (15-24) = 492,599 (17.7%)
Junior High 119,921 students
Senior High 61,878 students
(20.3% are well informed about health reproduction)

HIV Aids condition: Surabaya is stated as HIV / AIDS epidemic concentration, High risk population prevalence above 5% (iceberg phenomenon)
Methodology

- Mapping the case statistics (increasing)
- Mapping the case by age (the highest is between 25 – 30 year old 30 – 35 year old ; 45 year old)
- Describe the adolescent trend way of life (experienced domestic violence (18%), experience abuse / sexual harassment (30%), smokers (39.7%), consume spirits 44%, ever in jail (1%)

(data from Health Department Surabaya City)
Efforts (Action Plan Implementation)

- Looking for Government Support
- Looking for society support through organizations (Rotary, Lion and WIC)
- Contact schools (Junior & Seminar High Schools)
- Develop training materials (working team of Perkumpulan Keluarga Berencana Indonesia (PKBI) (NGO) and guidance & counseling teachers)
- Coordinate with related departments & universities (Airlangga), Health Department Surabaya City
- Empowered Community and Family Planning
- Training Healthy living habits at schools and society by sending Sebaya (Keluarga Berencana Indonesia) PKBI (NGO) members
Results

- At least one teacher of the schools got health training
- The counseling of Healthy Living Habits
- Students got information about Reproductive health, narcotics, HIV / AIDS (20.3%)
- Training teachers become peer educators
- The availability of teenage home
- Centre of Information & Counseling for Adolescent
Findings

- Mostly caused by lack of reproductive health and HIV/AIDS knowledge
- Taboo socio cultural evidence
- High AIDS stigma and discriminated
- It becomes an iceberg phenomenon because only 5 – 10% of HIV/ AIDS sufferers actually get diagnosed and treated.
Discussions

- Counseling services by psychologists
- Sterilized injection needles service
- Give sexually transmitted programs voluntarily counseling test and behavior change intervention
- Inserting health program in school activities with the consent of the Surabaya City Mayor

Conclusion

- Optimizing the activities mentioned before.
- Activities should be sustainable, monitored and evaluated to decrease the member of the sufferers and to develop healthy life among the poors